# SHELLEY MOORE



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Shelley Moore, 2021

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### HOW DO WE DESIGN AN ADJUSTABLE CURRICULUM?

Who are the students? What is the range of

diversity?

- what kind of curricula are the students learning?
  - How is the curriculum responsive to the

students dimensions?



How do the students make the adjustments they

need to use the curriculum?

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### How do we change the system? Design with Equity in Mind









### Backwards Design: Previous Curriculum

What types of goal are in the curriculum?

### • Content

• What do we need to know?

### • Process

• What do we need to do?

## What do you notice?

# Backwards Design: What are the GOALS?

- Backwards Design
  - Big Idea
    - What do we need to <u>understand</u>?
  - Content
    - What do we need to know?
  - Curricular Competencies
    - What do we need to <u>do</u>?
  - Core Competencies
    - Who do we need to <u>become</u>?

Grade:	Subject Area:	Planning Team:
Big Idea(s): What do I need to Unders	tand?	Unit Guiding Question(s):
Key Vocabulary:		

	Curricular Language	Student Friendly Language
What do students need to know? Knowledge Goals		I know
What do students need to do? Skills/Process Goals		l can
What do students need to do? Skills/Process Goals		l can
What do students need to do? Skills/Process Goals		l can
Who do student need to be? Competency Goals	I can become/ I am	

Grade: 10		Subject Area: Math 10	Planning Team: Jen
Big Idea: Trigonometry involves using <b>proportional reasoning</b> to solve <b>indirect measurement</b> problems		proportional reasoning to solve	<ul><li>Unit Guiding Question:</li><li>1. What is Trigonometry and why is it useful?</li><li>2. How do I use trigonometry to find an indirect measurement?</li></ul>
Content Goal	Primary trigonomi	c ratios	I know what <b>trigonometr</b> y is and why it is useful I know how to use <b>trigonometry</b> to help me solve a problem
Curricular Competency Goals	Respond & Analys situational context	<b>e : Model</b> with mathematics in t <b>s</b>	I can <b>reason and analyze</b> by <b>modelling</b> (mathematics) using real life situations
Curricular Competency Goals	Understand & Solv mathematical cond and relationships	<b>ve: Visualize</b> to explore and illustrate cepts	I can <b>understand and solve</b> by <b>visualizing</b> (mathematical concepts) and <b>relationships</b>
Curricular Competency Goals	Communicate & R ideas in classroom	espond: Take risks when offering discourse	I can <b>communicate and represent</b> by taking <b>risks</b> by sharing ideas during classroom discussion
Curricular Competency Goals	Connecting & Refletto advance learnin	ecting: Use mistakes as opportunities g	I can connect and reflect by making mistakes and using those as opportunities to learn
Core Competency Goal	I can be a creative	thinker	

Grade: 11		Subject Area: Math	Planning Team: Jen
Big Idea: Trigonometry involves using <b>proportional reasoning</b> to solve <b>indirect measurement</b> problems		proportional reasoning to solve	<ul><li>Unit Guiding Question:</li><li>1. What is Trigonometry and why is it important?</li><li>2. How do I use trigonometry to find an indirect measurement?</li></ul>
Content Goal	trigonometry: non position	-right triangles and angles in standard	I know how to use <b>trigonometr</b> y to find <b>non right triangle angles</b> in <b>standard</b> <b>position</b>
Curricular Competency Goals	Respond & Analys situational context	e : Model with mathematics in s	I can <b>reason and analyze</b> by <b>modelling</b> (mathematics) using real life situations
Curricular Competency Goals	Understand & Solve mathematical conc and relationships	<b>ve: Visualize</b> to explore and illustrate cepts	I can <b>understand and solve</b> by <b>visualizing</b> (mathematical concepts) and <b>relationships</b>
Curricular Competency Goals	Communicate & R ideas in classroom	espond: Take risks when offering discourse	I can <b>communicate and represent</b> by taking <b>risks</b> by sharing ideas during classroom discussion
Curricular Competency Goals	Connecting & Refle to advance learnin	ecting: Use mistakes as opportunities g	I can connect and reflect by making mistakes and using those as opportunities to learn
Core Competency Goal	l can be a creative	thinker	

Grade: 11	Subject Area: Life Sciences	Planning Team:		
Big Idea: All living things have Living things evolve over time	common characteristics.	Unit Guiding question: Why is our forest unique in Campbell River? How and why have our forest ecosystems evolved over time?		
Content Goal:	I know speciation that occurs within our forest			
Curricular Competency Goals	I can experience and interpret the local environment			
	I can seek and analyze patterns, trends, and connections in data, including describing relationships between variables, performing calculations, and identifying inconsistencies			
	I can construct, analyze, and interpret graphs, models, and/or diagrams			
Core Competency	I can become socially responsible by			

### One point rubric

Name:		Date:					
Unit Guiding question: Why is our forest unique? - How and why have our forest ecosystems evolved over time?							
I still need support	l can d	o this!	I need some challenge				
	I know speciation our local ecosystem	that occurs within ms					
	I can process and analyze data and information by experiencing and interpreting the local environment						
	I can process and a information by see analyze data	analyze data and eking evidence and					
	I can process and a information by cor analyzing, and inter representations of models, diagrams)	analyze data and nstructing, rpreting visual data (graphs,					

Name:		Date:					
nit Guiding question: ow do we use language in creative and playful ways to describe and help others understand our imaginary worlds?							
	My evider	nce of learning	Showing my Learning				
Goals	Actvtivities/ tasks		written	oral	visual	l Need Support	l Need Challenge
I know speciation that occurs within our local ecosystems							
I can process and analyze data and information by experiencing and interpreting the local environment							
I can process and analyze data and information by seeking evidence and analyze data							
I can process and analyze data and information by constructing, analyzing, and interpreting visual							
representations of data (graphs, models, diagrams)							

# Rubrics vs. Learning Maps



### THE SCRUMPTIOUS RUBRIC REFERENCE

#### BARELY HANGING ON



The customer wants a refund. Bread alone is not a sandwich. It's like you gave the bread and pop out just to show you were listening.

Translation: You only did the small stuff to suffice turning it in. The artwork is missing all important details and signs of understanding or perseverance.

NEEDS SOME UMPH

Your sandwich disappoints the customer. There's no flavor and not enough meat, if any at all. About the only thing great is the Citrus Drop.

Translation: You are missing important details within your artwork. Expectations are not met. Improvement is needed and lack of understanding is present.

GETS THE POINT

Your sandwich met expectations. It has flavor but nothing too exciting. You included the meat but gee, a side of chips would be nice.

Translation: Your artwork meets expectations, you went as far as the requirements expected and you used what knowledge you had to do so.

#### **RIGHT ON!**



Your sandwich went beyond expectations. You threw in some extra flavor and tomatoes and surprised the customer with a side of chips.

Translation: Your artwork exceeds all expectations; you used creativity, went beyond the basic requirements and showed obvious understanding.

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Episode 6 Strategy

Shelley Moore, 2019

# Rubrics vs. Learning Maps



# How do student show what they know?



**Oral Language** 

# All Languages (in literacy) are Treated Equal!



The MORE WAYS students can demonstrate learning, the more confident we are of meeting a goal

**Instead of** 

The NUMBER OF TIMES, a student can show their learning in one way, the more confident we are of meeting a goal



# All Languages (in numeracy) are Treated Equal!



The MORE WAYS students can demonstrate learning, the more confident we are of meeting a goal

**Instead of** 

The NUMBER OF TIMES, a student can show their learning in one way, the more confident we are of meeting a goal



Name:	Math 10 C		Date:	Т	pic: Measu	rement		
Unit Guiding Question: What	t is spatial sens	se? What is pro	portional reasoning? He	ow are the	y connected	1?		
Goals		My evi	dence of learning	Showing	Showing my Learning हु			
		Actvtivities/ ta	isks	concret	pictorial	abstract	l Need Sup	l Need Cha
<ul> <li>1. I can solve problems by:</li> <li>Using different units of mea</li> <li>Estimating</li> <li>Using measurement strateg</li> </ul>	asure gies							
<ul> <li>2. I can find the surface area of 3D objects including:</li> <li>Right cones</li> <li>Right cylinders</li> <li>Right prism</li> <li>Right pyramids</li> <li>Spheres</li> </ul>	and volume							
3. I can convert between SI a units of measure	nd Imperial							
4. I can use trigonomic ratios problems that have a right tr	to solve iangle							

#### Our Unit Questions

- How are carbon, oxygen, <u>nitrogen</u> and phosphorus cycled in the biosphere?
  How is the flow of energy balanced in the biosphere?
- How have human activities and technological advances affected the balance of energy and matter in the biosphere?

Ger	General Learning Outcome: Students will understand the constant flow of energy through the biosphere and ecosystems.					
Uni	t Goals: Curricular Language	Stu	dent Friendly Language			
Knowledge	<b>20–A1.1k</b> Students will: explain, in general terms, the one-way flow of energy through the biosphere and how stored energy in the <b>biosphere</b> , as a system, is eventually "lost" as heat	Knowledge	I know how energy is used in a biosphere (stored, transferred, lost)			
	<b>20–A1.2k</b> Students will: explain how energy in the biosphere can be perceived as a balance between both photosynthetic and chemosynthetic activities and cellular respiratory activities		I know that energy in different biospheres is balanced and cycles I know how biospheres are interconnected			
	20–A1.3k Students will explain the structure of ecosystem trophic levels, using models such as food chains and food webs		I know what an ecosystem is and how it is organized			
	<b>20–A1.4k</b> Students will explain, quantitatively, the flow of energy and the exchange of matter in aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems, using models such as pyramids of numbers, biomass and energy		I know how energy moves in an ecosystem I know how to represent the movement of energy in ecosystems using a model			
STS	<b>20–A1.1sts</b> Students will: explain that the process of scientific investigation includes analyzing evidence and providing explanations based upon scientific theories and concepts	STS	I can connect what I am learning about biospheres to real life examples and events			
Specific Outcomes for Skills	Initiating and Planning 20–A1.1s Students will: formulate questions about observed relationships and plan investigations of questions, ideas, problems, and issues Performing and Recording 20–A1.2s Students will: conduct investigations into relationships among observable variables and use a broad range of tools and techniques to gather and record data and information perform an experiment	Specific Outcomes for Skills	<ul> <li>I can initiate and plan by:</li> <li>by asking questions about what I observe in my environment</li> <li>by making predicting based on what I observe</li> <li>I can investigate and record my observations by:</li> <li>using different tools and techniques to gather data</li> <li>complete an experiment</li> </ul>			
	Analyzing and Interpreting 20–A1.3s Students will: analyze data and apply mathematical and conceptual models to develop and assess possible solutions		<ul> <li>I can analyze and interpret by:</li> <li>looking for patterns in my data to help me understand what is happening</li> <li>connecting my data to other scenarios and contexts</li> <li>coming up with some possible solutions or explanations for what is happening</li> <li>organizing and displaying my data in ways that make sense to me</li> </ul>			
	Communication 20–A1.4s Students will: work collaboratively in addressing problems and apply the skills and conventions of science in communicating information and ideas and in assessing results		<ul> <li>I can communicate my findings by:</li> <li>using SI units and Sig Digs</li> <li>presenting my findings so it makes sense to others (modes representation)</li> </ul>			

#### Learning Outcome Progressions: Bio 20-1

#### What do I need to know?

20–A1.1k: I know how energy is used in a biosphere (stored, transferred, lost)								
Approaching	Emerging	Developing	Confident	Extending				
The sun and plants work together to form energy	I know what photosynthesis and chemosynthesis and cellular respiration is and examples of each	I know how photosynthesis, chemosynthesis and cellular respiration are connected	I know how energy is transferred by conduction, radiation, and convection, and examples	I know limitations and problems of how energy is used in existing and/or potential biospheres				

Approaching	Emerging	Developing	Confident	Extending
I know why I need the	I know the products of	I know that there can	I know the impact of	I know the pros/cons to
sun and plants	photosynthesis,	be balance or	imbalance in	possible solutions in
I know why plants need	chemosynthesis, and	imbalance between	photosynthesis and	imbalances of
me	cellular respiration	photosynthesis, chemo	chemosynthesis and	photosynthesis and
		synthesis and cellular	cellular respiration	chemosynthesis and
		respiration	(global warming)	cellular respiration

20–A1.3k I know what an ecosystem is and how it is organized								
Approaching	Emerging	Developing	Confident	Extending				
I know what a food chain is	I know trophic levels and examples in the world	l know how to show trophic levels on different models	I know how trophic levels are connected to each other	I know the impact of deleting a tropic level				

### $\bullet$ X V $f_x$ General Learning Outcome

	А	В	С	D	E	FG	6 H	1	J	К	L	VI N	0	Р	Q	R	S	T U	V	W	Х	Y	Z	AA	AB	AC A	DA	AE /	AF A	AG A	A H	I AJ	AK	AL	AM	AN AC	AP	AQ	AR A	S AT	AU	AV	AW	AX	AY
1	General Learning Outcome	ral Learning Outcome 1. Student will explain the co									rgy through the biosphere a				and ecosystems																										Unit Ev	aluatio	h (	Self Evaluation	
2	Specific Learning Outcome	20-A1.			, ,		2	20-A1	.2k	Ť		20-A1	.3k			20-4	1.4k			20	0-A1.1sts			20-A1.1s				20-A1.2s				20-A1.3s				20-	A1.4s								
3	Learning Outcome Progressions	Approaching	Emerging	Developing	Confident	Extending Annroaching	Emerging	Developing	Confident	Extending	Approaching	Emerging Developing	Confident	Extending	Approaching	Emerging	Developing	Confident	Approaching		Developing	Confident	Extending	Approaching	Emerging	Developing		Extending	Approaching	Lemerging	Developing Confident		Approaching	Emerging	Developing	Confident	Approaching	Emerging	Developing		Total	Out of	%	Letter Grade	
4	Assessment	IE/IEP	2	3	3.5	4 IE/I	EP 2	3	3.5	4	IE/IEP	2 3	3.5	4	IE/IEP	2	3 3	8.5 4	IE/IEP	2	3	3.5	4	IE/IEP	2	3 3.	.5	4 IE	E/IEP	2 3	3 3.5	5 4	IE/IEP	2	3	3.5 4	IE/IEP	2	3 3	.5 4					<b>Targeted Attitudes</b>
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#### Standards Based Grade Book – Math 10 C: Measurement

#### Essential Understanding: Students understand spatial sense and proportional reasoning 1. I can solve problems by: 2. I can find the surface area Learning Outcomes 3. I can convert between SI and 4. I can use trigonomic ratios to · Using different units of and volume of 3D objects Imperial units of measure solve problems that have a right including: triangle measure Right cones Estimating • Using measurement strategies Right cylinders Right prism • Right pyramids • Spheres **Evaluation Date:** Levels of Fully Meeting/ Proficient Fully Meeting/ Proficient Fully Meeting/ Proficient Fully Meeting/ Proficient Meeting/ Developing Meeting/ Developing Meeting/ Developing Meeting/ Developing Minimally Meeting / Minimally Meeting / Complexity Minimally Meeting Minimally Meeting Approaching Approaching Approaching Approaching Letter Grade Emerging Emerging Extending Extending Emerging Extending Extending Emerging Out of Total % 2.5 2.5 5 2.5 4 5 2.5 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 3 3 20 20 ALL MOST FEW ALL ALL SOME FEW ALL ALL SOME FEW ALL ALL MOST SOME FEW ALL SOME MOST MOST 10 20 50% Pass Student ۲ • • • • • ۲ • 16 20 80% A-Student • . • • • ٠ • • . . • . . . IEA 20 IEA Student • • • • • • • ۲ . 20 15 75% В Student . . . • • • . • ٠ 20 13.5 68% C+ Student • . . • . . . ۲